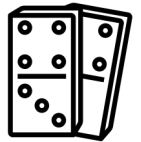


RIVERS KEY TERM DOMINOES



START	A small stream or river feeding into the main river .	Heaviest material rolling along the river bed .	These are natural raised banks of sediment found along the side of rivers	A graph which shows how river discharge changes in response to a precipitation event.
Watershed	Long Profile	Waterfall	Estuary	Lag Time
 The edge of a drainage basin and follows the highest points of land around a river.	This is the change in gradient of the river as it flows from source to mouth .	A vertical drop of water found in the upper course of a river due to vertical erosion .	The tidal part of a river where salt-water and fresh-water meet .	The time between peak rainfall and peak discharge .
Drainage Basin	Velocity	Gorge	River Cliff	Land-use Zoning
 The area of land drained by a river and its tributaries.	This is the speed of flow (m/s) of the river.	A steep-sided valley left behind as a waterfall retreats upstream	A steep bank on the outer bank of a meander created by erosion	Identifies areas of land which are most and least at risk of flooding to inform planning.
Source	Attrition	Meander	Floodplain	River Restoration
 The area of land drained by a river and its tributaries.	Rocks bang against each other, gradually breaking each other down	A bend in a river	Flat areas at the side of a river formed by a combination of erosion and deposition as a river	Removing man-made controls on a river / returning it to its natural state.
Tributary	Traction	Levees	Hydrograph	FINISH